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2,845,784

CIGARETTE LIGHTER

Filed Oct. 29, 1956

2 Sheets-Sheet 1

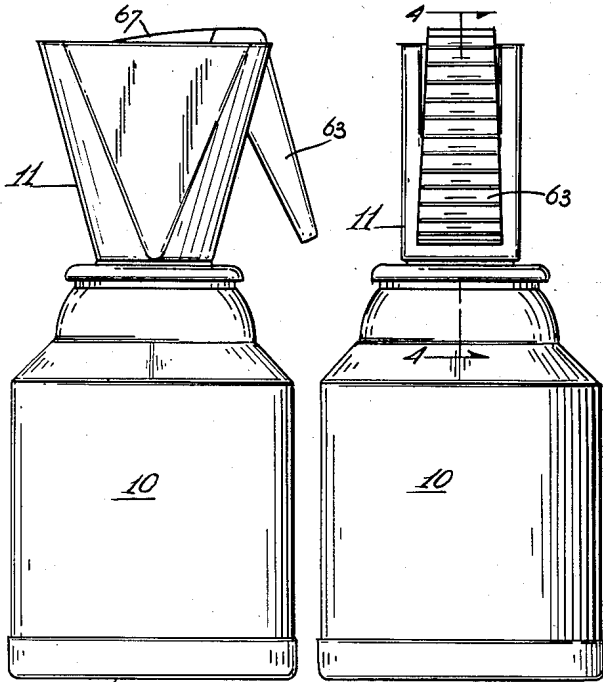


Fig. 1.

Fig. 2.

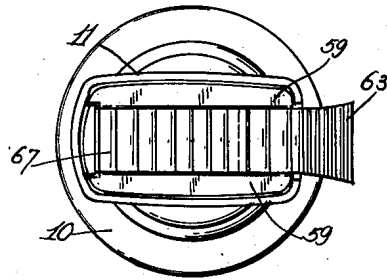


Fig. 3.

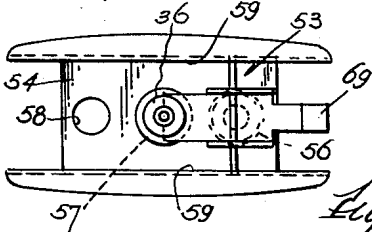


Fig. 5.

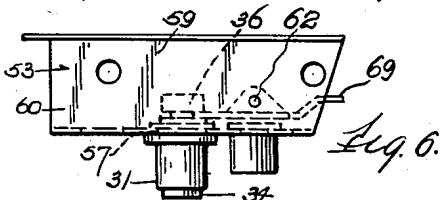


Fig. 6.

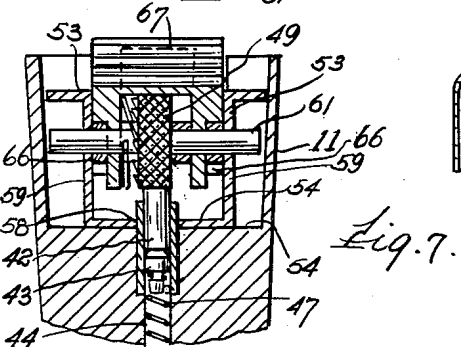


Fig. 7.

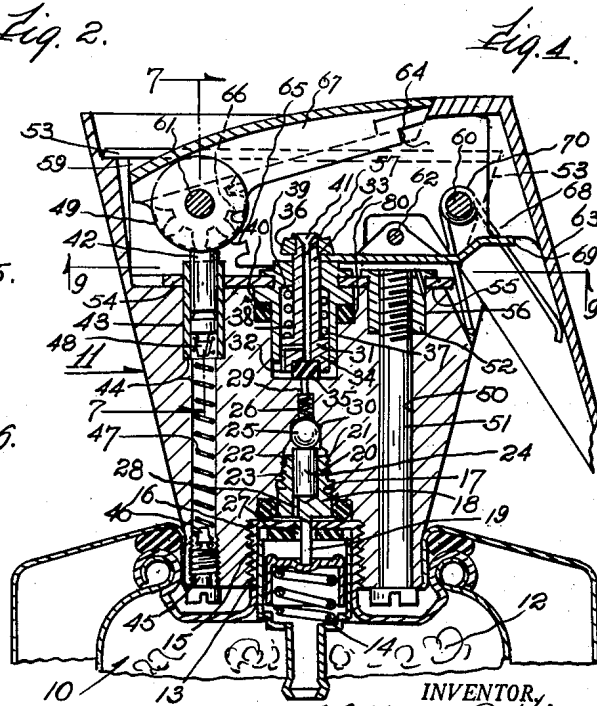


Fig. 4.

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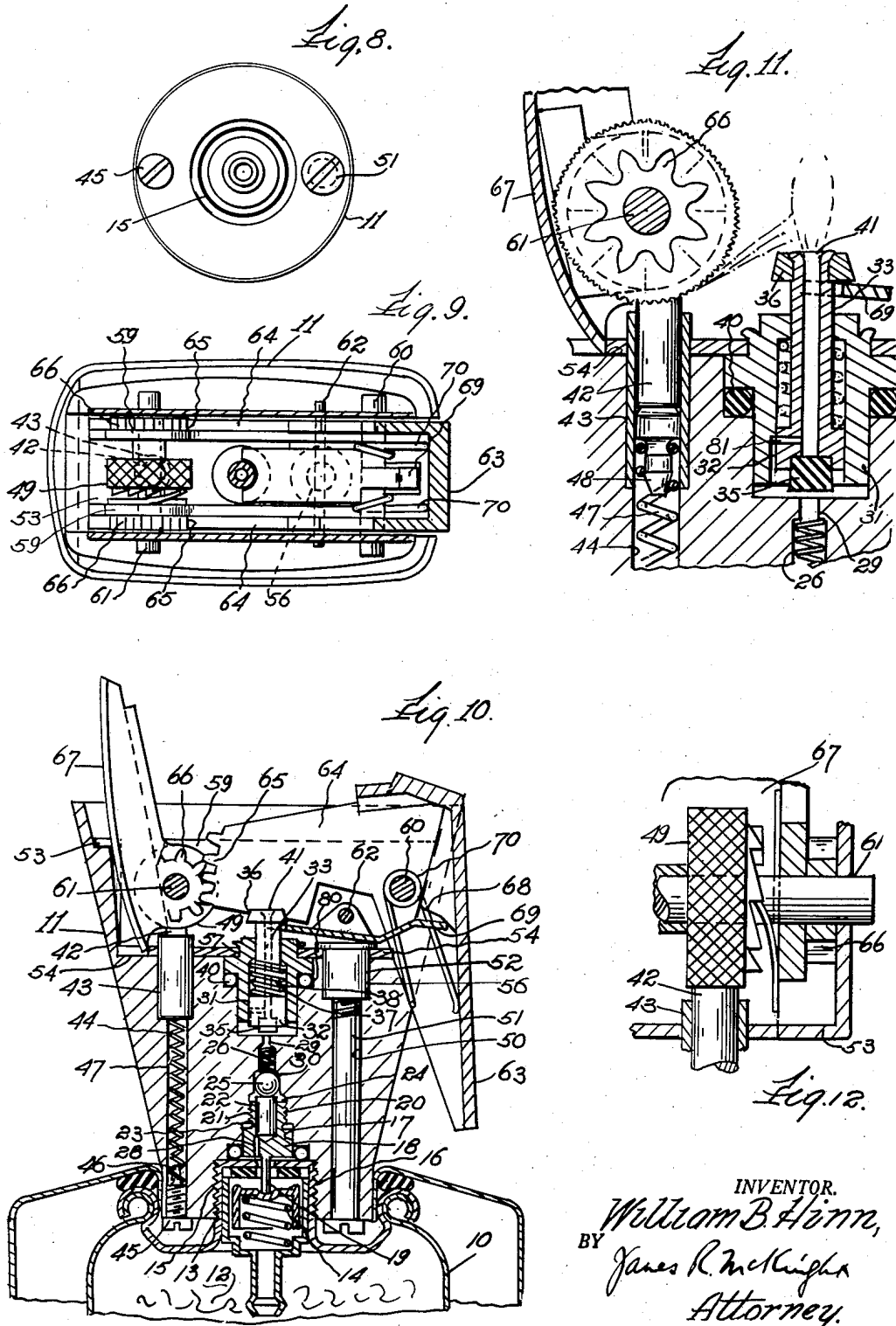
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CIGARETTE LIGHTER

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2 Sheets-Sheet 2



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CIGARETTE LIGHTER

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2 Claims. (Cl. 67-4.1)

My invention relates to a cigarette lighter which uses a detachable and replaceable fuel container using liquified petroleum flammable gas under pressure such as butane, isobutane or the like. My cigarette lighter is primarily for table use for lighting cigarettes and cigars or the like. However, my cigarette lighter may be made small enough to be portable and carried in the pocket of the user.

It is among the objects of my invention to provide a cigarette lighter having unusual longevity in use. Heretofore cigarette lighters needed frequent refilling, whereas my lighter may be used without refilling for many thousands of lighting operations over a period of use extending into the years.

My cigarette lighter may be adjusted so as to provide a flame of desired height.

My cigarette lighter is designed to prevent clogging of parts. In addition the parts of my cigarette lighter are readily accessible for cleaning to prevent clogging.

My invention also comprises such other objects, advantages and capabilities as will later more fully appear, and which are inherently possessed by my invention.

While I have shown in the accompanying drawings a preferred embodiment of my invention, yet it is to be understood that the same is susceptible of modification and change without departing from the spirit of my invention.

Referring to the drawings, Fig. 1 is a side elevational view of my lighter; Fig. 2 is a rear elevational view; Fig. 3 is a top plan view; Fig. 4 is an enlarged detailed sectional view on line 4-4 of Fig. 2; Fig. 5 is a top plan view of the carrier; Fig. 6 is a side elevational view of the carrier; Fig. 7 is a detailed sectional view on line 7-7 of Fig. 4; Fig. 8 is a bottom plan view of the lighter head; Fig. 9 is a detailed sectional view on line 9-9 of Fig. 4; Fig. 10 is a detailed vertical sectional view of the lighter open for igniting; Fig. 11 is an enlarged detailed sectional view of the ignition wheel and parts; and Fig. 12 is a detailed sectional view of the flint and flint wheel.

The embodiment selected to illustrate my invention comprises a container 10 removably attached to a lighter head 11. Within container 10 is a supply of liquified petroleum flammable gas under pressure such as butane, isobutane or the like, and an absorbent material 12 such as cotton or the like. This absorbent material keeps the fuel in the container in a state of absorption to prevent liquified fuel from passing upwardly in the metering mechanism. This is to prevent clogging.

The container 10 is fitted with a cap 13 and a self-closing valve 14. The cap 13 has a central screw threaded protrusion 15 which permits the container 10 to be attached to the screw threads 16 of the lighter head 11.

The lighter head 11 has a centrally positioned hollowed out portion 17 to house a metering mechanism 18. This metering mechanism 18 is composed of a centrally located lower protruding pin 19 and integral thereabove an enlarged body portion 20 having screw threads 21 for engaging screw threads 22 in the walls 23 of the hollowed

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out central portion 17 of the lighter head 11. A pin 24 is mounted within said body portion 20. A ball 25 rests on top of pin 24. Above the pin 24 is a coiled spring 26.

Pin 19 is inserted into cap 13 of container 10. It moves valve 14 so as to permit gas to move upwardly from the container 10, pass the sides of pin 19, in space 27. The gas then passes upwardly through hole 28 in body portion 20, around ball 25 and through chamber 29 housing coiled spring 26. The metering mechanism may be adjusted by movement of body portion 20. When body portion 20 is screwed farther downward within central portion 17, this allows greater space around ball 25 because said ball is withdrawn farther from shoulder 30. This permits faster metering of the flow of gas. The body portion 20 is adjusted by being screwed upwardly within central portion 17, so the space between the ball 25 and the shoulder 30 is constricted for the slower metering of the fuel.

An opening and closing mechanism 31 is centrally positioned in an upper central opening 32 in the body of the lighter head 11 above the metering mechanism 18. This mechanism 31 has a plunger 33 with an enlarged bottom 34 and carries therebelow a rubber plug 35. The plunger 33 also has an upper end which is flanged to provide a head 36. The plunger is normally held in downward position by a compression spring 37 placed around the vertical portion 38 of the plunger above the enlarged bottom 34 and a retent 39 at its upper portion. A sealing gasket 40 is positioned by shoulder 80 within opening 32.

When the rubber plug 35 is in downward or closed position, the flow of gas is stopped from coming upward from chamber 29. When the plunger 33 moves upwardly this permits the rubber plug 35 to rise and permit the passage of fuel from chamber 29 to passageway 41, through cross hole 81.

A flint 42 is housed in sleeve 43 which is mounted in a vertical opening 44 in the side portion of lighter head 11. The top of the sleeve 43 extends slightly above the floor of the lighter head 11. The opening 44 continues downwardly through the lighter head 11. A screw threaded closure 45 fits into the bottom of the opening 44 and has an inner centering pin 46 for holding and centering a coiled spring 47. The upper end of the coiled spring 47 is fitted within a downwardly extending centering member 48, the top of which supports a flint 42. The compression of the spring 47 applies pressure on the flint 42 which extends above the floor of lighter head 11 for contact with a flint wheel 49 for sparking action.

Through the other side of the lighter head 11 is an opening 50 housing a bolt 51 which has a screw threaded portion engaging the screw threads of a nut 52, the head of which bears against carrier 53.

Carrier 53 is a U-shaped member having a bottom portion 54 positioned on the floor 55 of lighter head 11, and having an opening 56 which receives nut 52. The opening and closing mechanism 31 extends through central opening 57 and is staked to carrier 53. Carrier 53 also has another opening 58 on the other side to receive sleeve 43.

Carrier 53 as a pair of spaced arms 59 through which extend shaft 60 pivotally supported thereby. A second shaft 61 extends through said spaced arms 59 adjacent the opposite end thereof. A smaller shaft 62 extends through the lower portion of arms 59 between shafts 60 and 61.

An actuating handle 63 has a pair of spaced side arms 64 extending within side arms 59 of carrier 53. Shaft 60 also extends through side arms 64 and permits handle 63 to pivot on carrier 53. At one end, each of

side arms 64 has teeth 65 engaging a gear 66 on each side of flint wheel carrier 67 pivotally carried by shaft 61 on the opposite portion of carrier 53. When teeth 65 and gear 66 interengage and are moved by actuation of handle 63, flint wheel 49 of flint wheel carrier 67 rotates against flint 42. This contact of the flint wheel and flint produces sparks in the direction of the center of the lighter head which ignites the fuel or gas coming up the center opening.

The movement of the handle 63 operates gas opening and closing mechanism 31. It does so in this way. Handle 63 has a cam 68 which when the handle is moved downwardly bears against an actuating arm 69 pivoting on pin 62 and moving the actuating arm 69 upwardly at its inner end to move gas releasing mechanism 31 upwardly and permit gas to escape and be ignited.

A spring 70 is mounted on shaft 60 and normally exerts pressure on handle 63 to retain the same in closed position.

Having thus described my invention, I claim:

1. A cigarette lighter comprising a body member having means at its bottom for central and removable insertion into and screwthreaded attachment to the top of a standard and disposable container containing a supply of liquefied petroleum flammable gas under pressure and providing communication with the gas in said container, said body member having a central hollowed out portion, a metering mechanism housed in said hollowed out portion of said body member, an opening and closing mechanism housed in said body member directly above said metering mechanism, said opening and closing mechanism having a spring adapted normally to hold said opening and closing mechanism in position to close the central hollowed out portion, a flint housed in said body member adjacent one side of said body member, a carrier attached to and positioned within the upper portion of said body member, a flint wheel holder pivotally attached to said carrier and having gear teeth, a flint wheel positioned within said flint wheel holder and pivotally attached to said carrier adjacent said flint, a handle pivotally attached to said carrier on the side opposite said flint and said flint wheel, said handle having gear teeth at one end, a lever pivotally attached to said carrier, said handle having a cam, said handle adapted upon being moved to its cam against said lever to move said opening and closing mechanism away from closed position to permit the flow of gas through the top of the central hollowed out portion of said body member, said handle upon being moved also engaging the gear teeth of said flint wheel holder with its gear teeth to move said flint wheel against said flint to direct sparks centrally to the flowing gas and igniting the same into flame, said handle upon being moved in the opposite direction to move its cam away from said lever to permit the lever to allow the spring attached to the

opening and closing mechanism to move the opening and closing mechanism to closed position to block the flow of gas and extinguish the flame.

2. A cigarette lighter comprising a body member having means at its bottom for central and removable insertion into and screwthreaded attachment to the top of a standard and disposable container containing a supply of liquefied petroleum flammable gas under pressure and providing communication with the gas in said container, said body member having a central hollowed out portion, a metering mechanism housed in said hollowed out portion of said body member adjacent its bottom and adapted to receive and measure a desired amount of gas from said container, an opening and closing mechanism housed in said body member directly above said metering mechanism, a flint housed in said body member adjacent one side of said body member, a carrier attached to and positioned within the upper portion of said body member, said carrier being U-shaped and having a pair of spaced arms, a shaft extending through said spaced arms adjacent said flint, a flint wheel holder pivotally attached to said carrier and having gear teeth, a flint wheel positioned within said flint wheel holder and rotatable on said shaft, another shaft extending through said spaced arms on the side opposite to said first mentioned shaft, a handle pivotally attached to said second mentioned shaft, said handle having gear teeth at one end, a third shaft located between said first two mentioned shafts, said third shaft pivotally mounted and extending between said spaced arms, a lever carried by said third mentioned shaft, said opening and closing mechanism having a plunger for closing the central hollowed out portion, and a spring for normally holding the plunger in closed position, said handle having a cam, said handle adapted upon being moved to move its cam against said lever to move the plunger away from closed position to permit the flow of gas through the top of hollowed out portion, said handle upon being moved also engaging the gear teeth of said flint wheel holder with its gear teeth to move said flint wheel against said flint to direct sparks centrally to the flowing gas and ignite the same into flame, said handle upon being moved in the opposite direction to move its cam away from said lever to permit the spring on the opening and closing mechanism to move the plunger to close the central hollowed out portion, block the flow of gas and extinguish the flame.

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